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# A Case Report of Management of Intestinal Obstruction in a Patient with Situs Inversus Abdominalis

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## A Case Report of Management of Intestinal Obstruction in a Patient with Situs Inversus **Abdominalis**

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#### I. Introduction

itus inversus totalis is a rare autosomal recessive condition (1) (1 in 8,500) (2-3) that results in mirror positioning of the thoracic and abdominal organs.; Situs inversus abdominalis, also known as situs inversus with levocardia or left-sided heart, is a condition with right-left inversion limited to the abdomen (4-5). SIA is a recognized cause of obstruction in the pediatric population due to intestinal abuse; Despite, this reason of acute surgical emergencies in adults is extremely rare; this case describes a small bowel obstruction in an adult patient with SIA (2).

#### II. CASE PRESENTATION

The patient was 67 years old, with no previous pathological history, and was admitted to the surgical emergency room for an occlusive syndrome of vomiting, generalized abdominal pain, and cessation of food and gas that had been evolving for three days; Clinical examination revealed a conscious patient with tachycardia at 120 bpm, BP: 100/60 mmHg, the temperature of 37.3, distended abdomen and tympanic with generalized abdominal tenderness; on rectal examination, the rectal ampulla was empty without Abdominal radiography showed palpable mass. grelicular hydroaeric hydroaerobic. Abdominopelvic CT showed a bowel obstruction upstream of an area of hypogastric caliber disparity, with A complete abdominal situs inversus with the liver, and portal trunk visible on the left, spleen and stomach visible on the right and heart in place.



Fig. 1: Situs Inversus Abdominalis: Stomach on the Right, Liver and Gallbladder on the Left

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Fig. 2: Small Bowel Obstruction and Situs Inversus Abdominalis

The patient was operated on in the emergency room after resuscitation measures. The surgical exploration found a 4 cm dilatation of the bowel upstream of a gremo-mesenteric flange at 1.80 m from the duodenojejunal angle and 50 cm from the ileocaecal junction with necrosis of 1 m of the small bowel and the presence of a complete abdominal situs inversus and

common mesentery. The procedure consisted of segmental resection of 1m of the small intestine with necrosis of the small intestine and a small intestine anastomosis. The postoperative course was simple. The patient was discharged from the hospital on the fifth day and recovered four months later.



Fig. 3: Intraoperative Images Showing Bowel Necrosis



Fig. 4: Intraoperative Images Showing the Stomach on the Right, the Liver and Gallbladder on the Left Confirming the Situs Inversus Abdominalis

#### III. DISCUSSION

SIT is a rare congenital malformation (1-6), first reported by Fabricius in 1600 (7), characterized by an inverted position of all viscera, including dextrocardia; the normal lung anatomy is inverted; The liver and gallbladder are located on the left side, and the spleen and stomach are on the right side (5).

The etiology of situs inversus has not been fully elucidated; studies have shown that it is related to genetic factors, changes in chromosome structure and number (8-6-9), maternal diabetes, and exposure to retinoic acid (10). In our patient no associated congenital anomalies were identified.

Some authors have reported that 60% of patients with situs inverus have other congenital anomalies of the gastrointestinal tract, such as gallbladder or intestinal atresia, splenic agenesis or colonic duplication. These anomalies manifest themselves in childhood, which leads to early diagnosis, if not prenatal diagnosis (8-3-10-5). Congenital heart defects are present in about 5-10% of patients (3).

Situs inverus can be asymptomatic and diagnosed incidentally during laparotomy or autopsy (5), and its revelation by occlusive syndrome would be a rare event (5-8), and its revelation by an occlusive syndrome would be a rare event (8). This is the case of our patient; she was asymptomatic and did not know that she was carrying a situs inversus abdominalis (8), and it was the abdominal CT scan requested to support the diagnosis of intestinal obstruction, which allowed the discovery of the diagnosis of SIA by showing a reversal of the position of the abdominal viscera (8). This paraclinical examination is the critical examination to confirm the diagnosis of this anomaly.

In the literature, three cases of small bowel obstruction have been documented in adult patients with situs inversus abdominalis. The first case, described by Brown et al. involved a 54-year-old woman who presented with a bowel obstruction secondary to a trans mesenteric internal hernia, the second case, by Mallick et al, described a bowel obstruction secondary to a volvulus on incomplete common mesentery. The third case is of a 38-year-old woman with a band occlusion bowel or internal hernia (2).

In general, surgery in a patient with SIA is difficult (11), so preoperative diagnosis is important to plan the surgical incision and abdominal procedures (12). Our patient was approached by median laparotomy, and exploration confirmed the diagnosis of visceral inversion (8).

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Situs inversus totalis is a rare and asymptomatic congenital malformation. The latter is the cause of diagnostic and therapeutic difficulties encountered in many clinical situations, especially if the patient is not known to be a carrier of this malformation (13).

The association of situs inversus with intestinal obstruction on flange is very rare. Preoperative diagnosis of situs inversus is important for appropriate incision placement and surgical planning (12).

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